



MONDAY EVENING, AUG. 13, 1900.

ONE of the republican newspapers of Washington, says the South has prospered by the result of the war between the States. But republicans, whether in Washington or farther North, don't rely upon facts for their statements. A few Southern cities have increased in population since the war, but no intelligent and unprejudiced Southern man, old enough to compare the condition of the South now, with what it was before the war, will say that the South has prospered by that war. Then, there were few rich people, and none very poor in the South; then not only every city in the South, but every village, had its manufactures; then its white and black people were on the most amicable relations; then its penitentiaries, jails and workhouses were empty, now they are full; then almost every Southern port could boast of its ships; now a Southern shipowner is almost unknown; then the churches both in town and country had large congregations, composed of men and women; now the congregations are small, and among them are scarcely any men; then Sunday was observed as the Lord's day, now it is devoted to excursions, baseball and golf. Oh, no! the South has not prospered by the new order of things brought about by the war, but, on the contrary, has, by it, been sadly marred.

THE LONGER the expensive Chinese embargo continues, the more evident becomes the fact that the very best way for the American government to get out of that affair with the minimum amount of loss in money, lives and prestige, would be to instruct its legation at Peking to accept Chinese guarantee to escort it to the coast, where it can embark safely for its own home, and then to withdraw the entire American force from that country, and leave China to settle her own affairs in her own way. Minister Conger's dispatches, stating that he will hold out to the end, and asking for news, show that he is in no danger, and are only ridiculous.

IN CHARLOTTESVILLE, a lily white republican club has been organized, with General Rosser as president. No negroes were invited to join it, nor has any negro members. But as the negroes compose the entire effective strength of the republican party in the South, the lily whites have not amounted to anything, do not now, and never will, in any Southern State. They have organized in Louisiana and Texas, and elsewhere, but only to dissolve, for in the South, where the negroes are numerous, there can only be a white and a black man's party.

AS CLEAR a case of pot calling kettle black as ever occurred is afforded by the Northern republican speakers and writers who are denouncing the foreign powers for their attempt to disrupt the Chinese empire and seize large portions of its territory. They call those powers land-grabbers, though they themselves have grabbed all Hawaii, most of Samoa, Guam, and the whole Philippine archipelago. But none of all this grabbing has been profitable, and all of it has cost a great deal more than it has come to. But a few Northern republicans have grown rich by it.

GENERAL WHEELER is a great expansionist and favors a large standing army. There is no doubt that imperialism requires large military and naval establishments. But General Wheeler differs with the framers of the Constitution and the "Father of his Country," who were utterly opposed to large standing armies, and most reasonable people think they were wiser men than the General. But a government of force, necessarily invites resistance. The actual condition in the Philippines and that which is expected in Cuba and Porto Rico, make this so plain that all who run may read.

ONE of Mr. McKinley's supporters says, "the Bryan movement is an organized attack upon settled order," and Mr. McKinley's running mate says the Bryan movement, that is the democracy and opponents of plutocracy, "stands for socialism at home and cowardice abroad." Such talk is not conducive to the success of Mr. McKinley, for there has been a great increase in the number of those whom nothing would please better than an attack upon settled order, and there could be no more effective way to incite them to activity, than by calling them socialists and cowards.

THIS COUNTRY has now reached the condition in which the tax eaters are becoming almost as numerous as the direct tax payers. The last session of Congress created no less than five thousand and sixty-nine new office holders. But as the tax payers seem perfectly content that it should be so, nobody else has any right to object. But history repeats itself, and those who sow the wind are sure to reap the whirlwind, sooner or later, but when,

nobody knows, none but the gods above.

IN ORDER to give two of the bidders for the armor plate contracts who are large subscribers to the republican campaign fund another chance, all the bids have been rejected, though some were a hundred dollars a ton less than theirs, and new bids have been advertised for. The administration needs money for its own campaign purposes now, and it is not going back on those who supply it with funds.

BECAUSE THE Poles fired on a supply train, the British had all the houses for ten miles around burned to the ground. The British in the war they are making upon the South African republics follow the example set by their present allies in this country during the war between the States. But that example was not conducive to the feeling that bygone should be bygone.

FROM WASHINGTON.  
(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

Washington, August 13.  
The department of State makes public the reply of the United States government to Minister Wu's communication, made on Sunday morning, notifying the appointment of Earl Li Hung Chang, as envoy plenipotentiary to negotiate with the powers. This reply was sent to Minister Wu at 5 o'clock Sunday afternoon, and is as follows: "Memoandum—Touching the imperial edict of August 8 appointing Li Hung Chang envoy plenipotentiary to conduct negotiations, on the part of China, with the powers, and the request for the cessation of hostilities, pending negotiations, communicated to Mr. Adee by Wu on the 12th of August, 1900, the Government of the United States learns with satisfaction of the appointment of Li Hung Chang as envoy plenipotentiary to conduct negotiations with the powers and will, on its part, enter upon such negotiations with a desire to continue the friendly relations so long existing between the two countries. It is evident that there can be no general negotiations between China and the powers so long as the ministers of the powers and the persons under their protection remain in their present position of restraint and danger, and that the powers cannot cease their efforts for the delivery of these representatives, to which they are constrained by the highest considerations of national honor, except under an arrangement adequate to accomplish a peaceful deliverance. We are ready to enter into an agreement between the powers and the Chinese government for a cessation of hostile demonstrations on condition that a sufficient body of the forces composing the relief expedition shall be permitted to enter Peking unmolested and to escort the foreign ministers and residents back to Tientsin, this movement being provided for and secured by such arrangements and dispositions of troops as shall be considered satisfactory by the generals commanding the forces composing the relief expedition."

The comptroller of the Treasury has denied the appeal for extra pay entered by Major Russell B. Harrison. It seems that between August 3, 1898 and April 7, 1899, Major Harrison acted in his capacity of provost marshal in Cuba commanded more than the 12 companies that constitute a regiment. He contends that he should therefore have been paid the salary of a colonel during that time or \$677 more than he received as Major. The Auditor for the War Department refused to view Major Harrison's services from the same point of view and denied the raise. Now the comptroller upholds the Auditor.

Republican politicians from the 8th congressional district of Virginia, here today, say Mr. Egghorn of Culpeper will be nominated for Congress by their district convention, to meet in Alexandria this week, without opposition. They say that though there is no possible chance of electing a republican in that district, several republicans there would like to get the nomination merely for the notoriety it would bring them and the influence they would have if Mr. McKinley should be elected. None of them, however, is foolish enough to suppose that Mr. Hanna will supply them with any campaign money.

Knowing that republican money will be on tap in the Northern States during the campaign, the democratic managers in those States have been instructed to tell the voters to take all that may be offered them, but that it is no crime to cheat a bribe and that when they have gotten his money in their pockets, they can vote the poor man's ticket all the same, or for such little additional sum as may be offered them by some liberal democrat on the day of election.

Russia's acceptance of China's guarantee to escort her legation to a place of safety has tended greatly to moderate the vehemence of the jingoes here and war talk is by no means as strong as it was last week. But, for all that, it is said at the War Department today that an army one hundred thousand strong is necessary and must be maintained "for the good of the country." People not in the department say if force has to be used to preserve law and order in a free and equal republic, an army of one hundred thousand men is not sufficient for a nation of seventy million people.

Fairfax county, Virginia, people here say a camp meeting will be held on the old Danville camp ground next week. It is said that there was a famous camp ground and many people from Alexandria and many people from Fairfax county were there. From every quarter of the country former McKinley men are quitting the party of imperialism. The list of such defections is so large that only a small percentage of the influential men who are leading the revolt against absolutism can be given.

R. H. Ferrell, a former employee of the Adams Express Company, was arrested in Columbus, O., yesterday, and confessed to the murder of Express Messenger Lane and the robbery of the safe on the Pennsylvania eastbound train Friday night. One thousand dollars of the money was recovered. Ferrell confessed that the motive of the robbery was to secure money of which he felt in great need on account of his approaching marriage. The money recovered had been given to a Miss Costlow, his intended bride, to keep for him, saying that it was money he had saved from his earnings. He was at the home of his fiancée and in her company when placed under arrest. Ferrell, but 21 years of age and has a splendid physique, being six feet in height with dark hair and an attractive face.

How Are Your Kidneys?  
Dr. Hobbs' Kidney Pills cure all kidney ills. Sufferers from Gravel, Rheumatism, Catarrh of the Bladder, etc., should use Dr. Hobbs' Kidney Pills. Sold everywhere.

In Kentucky, West Virginia, Maryland and Delaware.

At democratic headquarters here today it is said that intelligence from Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Iowa and Wisconsin is all favorable, and also that Tammany and the State democracy of New York are pulling weight together, and that the so-called gold democrats will not but a small figure in the Northern elections. It is also said that the working men of the whole country are provoked by the republicans' reiterated statement by the effect the everybody is prosperous, as they know by their own experience that such is not the case, and think it is made to deceive them.

The Secretary of the Treasury today discontinued the issue of temporary bonds. The Bureau of Engraving and Printing has caught up on the new issue of extended 2 per cent due in 1920. To this fact is due the issue of the order.

People who went from here to Alexandria and returned yesterday afternoon by the electric railway, say that they had not been for the prudence of a conductor in stopping his train soon after it had left Alexandria and putting off a drunken and offensive negro, the white men on the car would have thrown him off and probably killed him. F. W. Taylor was appointed postmaster at Lester Manor, King William county, Va., today, vice P. F. Souder, dead.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

Gen. MacArthur reports the surrender to Col. Freeman of Col. Grassa and his command.

The People's Co-operative Ice Company has organized in New York to compete with the ice trust.

General Joe Wheeler, in his address at the Chicago University on Saturday, declared himself to be in favor of a large standing army.

Nine persons of a picnic party were yesterday struck by the same flash of lightning in the Bronx section of New York, of whom three are very seriously injured.

The Opera House, Gibson's Hotel and four residences at Asbury Park, N. J., were completely destroyed yesterday morning by a fire that threatened destruction to the entire resort.

The democrats feel confident of carrying West Virginia, if they can prevent the republicans from voting "colonized" negroes, large numbers of whom have been brought into the State.

During maneuvers of the French fleet off Cape St. Vincent on Saturday the torpedo boat destroyer Framee ran into the battleship Brennus and sunk with it, it is believed, about fifty of her crew.

John Peck, of east Fallfield township, Pa., became crazed on the subject of the war in China and yesterday went gunning for preachers because he believed they were responsible for the trouble.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson has been making a study of domestic and foreign demand for wheat this year, and in view of the crop estimates says: "We will have dollar wheat before the end of the year."

Police assisting Father Glueck to get into St. Hedwig's Polish Catholic Church, in Wilmington, Del., yesterday, to celebrate mass, were attacked by a mob of women, who threw red pepper into their eyes.

A dispatch from Managua, Nicaragua, says the Eyre-Cragin Syndicate's canal concession was forfeited Saturday because of the non-payment of money due. This leaves the Nicaraguan government free to deal independently with the United States in canal matters.

Mr. W. J. Bryan's visit to Chicago has practically resulted in an understanding that he will travel almost as much during the present campaign as he did in 1896. There has been such general pressure that it is understood that he is now inclined to yield and to visit many parts of the country.

The most disastrous fire in the history of Hanover, Pa., broke out early yesterday morning in the heart of the town. Twelve barns were destroyed and four residences, four business houses and one hotel badly damaged. The loss will aggregate \$500,000. It is reported that one person was burned to death, but the rumor cannot be substantiated.

The United States has been turned down by the Sultan of Turkey on the strength of the report made to him by Ahmed Tawfik Pasha, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, who came to America to study shipbuilding facilities with an eye to business. After reading the minister's report, the Sultan instructed negotiations with German builders for six crucibles to be built at once.

A passenger train on the Lehigh and New England Railroad last night struck an omnibus containing twenty-five persons at Benningers crossing, about three miles east of Slatington, Pa., and eleven passengers in the bus were instantly killed, a number of others being fatally injured. The passengers in the bus were returning from a funeral, and most of them were related to one another.

At Sylva, Ga., Saturday night R. F. Harrington and Milton Mears, who were driving home in their buggy. On the road they met two negroes named Alexander and a buggy. The wheels of the vehicles collided. A quarrel ensued, when the negroes drew pistols and shot Harrington and Mears dead. The leader of the posse that attempted to capture the murderers was mortally wounded and a race war is imminent.

The democratic congressional committee has issued a statement giving the names of a number of prominent republicans who will not support the imperialism policy of McKinley and will vote for Bryan. From every quarter of the country former McKinley men are quitting the party of imperialism. The list of such defections is so large that only a small percentage of the influential men who are leading the revolt against absolutism can be given.

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VIRGINIA NEWS.

Newport News was swept by a terrific wind storm on Saturday afternoon, thousands of dollars' worth of property being damaged, but no one was hurt.

Joseph Woodford Shirley died at the home of his father, Mr. G. W. Shirley, near Haymarket, on the 8th inst., of typhoid fever, in the 24th year of his age.

V. O. Bendall, formerly of Warren, died suddenly yesterday in Richmond where he was employed as a description clerk at the Jefferson Hotel pharmacy.

A McKinley and Roosevelt club was organized in Charlottesville Saturday night at a meeting held in the postoffice building, with Gen. Thomas L. Koser as president.

Gold, in seeming good quantity, has been discovered in one of the ditches in the excavation now being made at Fifteenth and Main streets, Richmond, for the erection of the Seaboard Air Line depot.

"Frisco Slim," whose right name is John Butler, suspected of a daring and sensational bank burglary in Strasburg, in which \$15,000 was procured from a bank safe, was arrested in Brooklyn on Saturday. It is thought he is one of the men wanted in Williamsburg for a bank robbery there, May 24. Butler is charged with being a fugitive from justice from Virginia.

Professor Charles S. Venable, for many years professor, and for the past five years professor emeritus at the University of Virginia, died at his home in Charlottesville on Saturday. He was one of the most distinguished educators in the South; the author of several text books, and during the war between the States served with distinction on the staff of Gen. R. E. Lee.

The old Danville Blues, formerly Co. H, Third Virginia Regiment, is getting ready to reorganize as an independent company, to be composed only of its old members with the same corps of non-commissioned officers, but new commissioned officers. The company will be independent of the State service. The intent of the boys, in reorganizing is to form a veterans' military club.

The meeting in Richmond tomorrow of the democratic State committee will bring together most of the party leaders of influence. At this meeting Mr. Ellyson will announce his new executive committee and consult with the leaders as to plans for the conduct of the campaign. The executive committee, it is believed, will have several new members, but most of the old ones will be retained. Certain it is that Senator Martin and Mr. Willard will be retained. Chairman Ellyson is making arrangements with a view of bringing to Virginia some of the ablest speakers in the country.

## THE CHINESE TROUBLES.

Hope of peace in China is dimming. Minister Wu Ting Fang presented to the State department in Washington yesterday an edict from Emperor Kuang Hsu appointing Li Hung Chang Envoy Plenipotentiary to propose "an immediate cessation of hostile demonstrations." There had been reports of this from Shanghai, but Minister Wu's presentation of the edict puts it in official form. The edict says that Li is authorized to conduct negotiations in behalf of the Emperor for the settlement of whatever questions may have to be dealt with. The result of the negotiations is to be reported to the Emperor for his sanction. It is believed in Washington that this indicates a decided willingness by China to make concessions, and the allied armies may not enter Peking. When they reach the east gate of Peking it is hoped the Chinese government will be willing to deliver the ministers and other foreigners to them, and Li can then negotiate a basis of peace.

Acting Secretary of State Adee reiters the edict promptly. He reiterates the demands previously made by the United States for co-operation with the Chinese government and the allied forces and intimates that no negotiations cannot be entered into until Chinese government complies with those demands. As China is expected to comply soon, this obstacle is in a fair way of being removed.

One or more breaks may occur in this programme. As stated on Saturday, the Russian Government has authorized M. De Giers, its minister, to leave Peking under Chinese escort, as proposed by the Chinese Government. It is considered likely that he has already left Peking. Then, too, there is the German punitive expedition, which Emperor William has announced will exact reparation for the murder of Baron von Ketteler. Field Marshal Count von Waldersee, when he arrives in China, may find nothing but this expedition to command.

A cablegram from Minister Conger, dated August 4, and addressed to General Chao, was received in Washington yesterday. He says: "We will hold on until your arrival; hope it will be soon."

Russia continues elaborate preparations for an extensive campaign in the east. Sixty thousand troops have already started and more are to be embarked from Odessa. It is reported that the Russians have taken possession of New Chang, an important railway center.

A dispatch received in Rome from the Italian minister in Peking, dated August 5, stated that shots had been exchanged between the defenders of the legation and the Chinese, and that one was killed and two wounded.

The French naval commander in Chinese waters reports that missionaries and native Christians on the line to Hankow from Peking are in great danger. A French report states that 7,000 native Christians have been massacred at Peking, east of Peking.

United States Consul Willard reports that three more Baptist missions near Swatow have been destroyed. It is stated in Berlin official circles that Germany will not allow Great Britain's designs upon Shanghai, and that France will support Germany's opposition.

The aggregate force of the allies in the province of Pechili is 38,000, with 114 guns.

JEFFRIES AND FITZSIMMONS.—James J. Jeffries, the champion pugilist, has challenged Robert Fitzsimmons, who defeated Jim Rihlin on Friday night, to meet him before September 1. If Fitz does not want to break off his coming fight with Sharkey, Jeffries agrees to fight him. Both Fitz on August 25 and Sharkey on August 31. To this remarkable and unprecedented offer Fitz said: "Jeff is the one man in the world I would like to meet and beat. I feel confident of beating Sharkey, and if I come out of the fight as clean as I did my fight with Rihlin I shall be pleased to meet Jeff before September 1. I shall again be champion of the world."

## TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

From China.  
Yokohama, Aug. 13.—A dispatch printed here says that the 20,000 Chinese opposing the allies at Yangtsun have been defeated and scattered in all directions. The Japanese contingent lost 300 killed and wounded. The Chinese left 200 dead on the field.

Tientsin, Aug. 6 (Delayed).—Two couriers who left Peking on August 1 arrived here today. They report that the Dowager Empress gave the legations food enough for a few days, but that Li Ping Heng arrived from the south with troops and planted two batteries on the city wall near the legations. He attacked the legations fiercely with shell and rifle fire for two days. The head of the missionary board was killed, according to the couriers, while attempting to obtain provisions.

Beilin, Aug. 13.—The Catholic organ, Germania, prints a report to the effect that six missionaries have been killed in the southern part of Pechili province.

London, Aug. 13.—The following message has been received from Sir Robert Hart at Peking: "The sooner we can get out of this the better, for it is inconvenient for the Chinese government and unsafe for ourselves."

London, Aug. 12.—A correspondent at Shanghai wires under date of today (Monday) at 9:25 p. m.:

"At noon on Saturday the allies were reported within twenty miles of Peking."

A special dispatch from Chefoo says that the general advance of the allies from Tientsin began on August 8. It is believed, the dispatch adds, that Peking will be reached August 15.

It would not be surprising if the allies were today nearing the gates of Peking. With the route cleared by the advance column, seven days would not be too long for the foreign army to reach the capital.

Few details are allowed past the censors at Tientsin and all the plans of the foreign commanders are kept secret. The dispatch saying the allies were reported to be within twenty miles of Peking, was shown to the officials of the War Office this afternoon. They said they had no word confirming the report but, as the latest advices showed that the Chinese were demoralized they thought it might be possible. If true they believed the allies should shortly be under the walls of Peking.

Grand Duke Peter in a Train Wreck.  
Rome, Aug. 13.—The train on which the Grand Duke Peter of Russia and his wife were returning from the funeral of King Humbert was wrecked today at a bridge near Salerno, eight miles from Rome. Neither the Grand Duke nor Grand Duchess was injured although 14 other passengers were killed and forty injured. The public, as well as the officials, jumped to the conclusion that anarchists, seeking the Grand Duke's life, had wrecked his train. Later advices, however, showed that the accident was caused by a rear end collision. The Grand Duke's train was stopped at the bridge to repair a slight damage to the engine, when an extra train which had left Rome shortly after the express crashed into it, telescoping the rear carriages. When King Victor Emanuel learned of the accident by a telegram direct from the Grand Duke Peter, he left at once for the scene of the wreck. As no train was available, the King, accompanied by the Queen, took a hired carriage and drove out of Rome unattended. King Victor Emanuel remained with the Grand Duke on the scene of the wreck, giving personal assistance to the wounded.

## The Neely Case.

New York, Aug. 13.—Judge Lacombe, of the United States Circuit Court, did not sign today the order of extradition in the case of Charles F. W. Neely, who is accused of embezzling public funds while in the Cuban postal service. An unexpected complication made it necessary for Judge Lacombe to postpone issuing the order until next Monday. Meantime Neely was remanded to the custody of the U. S. Marshal. Had the order of extradition been issued today, Neely could not have been taken to Cuba until after the U. S. Supreme Court had reviewed the case. Neely's counsel have appealed to the U. S. Supreme court to rescind Judge Lacombe's decision, that the prisoner be taken to Cuba. A hearing will be had on the appeal on September 7.

## Flogged by Whites.

Keyser, W. Va., Aug. 13.—Details of a whipping by a party of 15 whites, delivered to a man and two women, at Mathias, Hardy county, have reached here. John Smith, a farmer of that place, is accused of having been living with a Miss Hartman in the presence of his invalid wife, whom it is asserted, he has tried to starve. It was for this that Miss Hartman, her mother, and Smith were taken to a point a few hundred yards from the house a few nights ago and given 75 lashes. After administering the whipping, the implements used being long, narrow strips of leather, a bath of turpentine was administered, and ordering the women to leave the State within two days, the maskers disappeared.

## Suffocated by Fiery Vapor.

New York Aug. 13.—Three men were killed and seven badly scalded this morning in the basement of the power house of the New York steam heating company, by the bursting of a steam pipe which filled the building with scalding vapor. There were many men employed in the building but all but the six escaped without injury. When the explosion came the three men killed were yards away from any spot of egress. The dense volume of steam came down upon them and they were suffocated by inhaling the fiery vapor. When their bodies were found the flesh was parboiled by the action of the vapor.

## Big Grain Elevator Destroyed.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 13.—Fire destroyed the Dakota elevator in this city at an early hour this morning. The loss is estimated at \$1,250,000. The flames broke out in the machinery floor near the elevator summit. Twenty engines, two fire trucks and water towers and five hook and ladder companies arrived quickly. The fire raged fiercely in spite of all efforts to stop it, spreading with great rapidity. In a short time the elevator was a mass of ruins. It is thought 600,000 bushels of grain were consumed by the fire.

## A Russian Blunder.

New York, Aug. 13.—A dispatch to the Evening World says: "A terrible mistake occurred at the taking of Yangtsun. Russian artillery opened fire on the American troops. Before the mistake was discovered many soldiers had been killed or wounded by the Russian shells."

## Foreign News.

Vienna, Aug. 13.—It is learned that a Franco-German military alliance is being negotiated. It is reported here that two of the other powers will follow Russia's lead and permit their ministers to leave Peking, provided M. De Giers arrives in Tientsin safely.

Berlin, Aug. 13.—The government has been confidentially informed that France will assent officially to the appointment of Count von Waldersee to command the allied forces in China.

Pretoria, Aug. 13.—General Buller, constituting General Buller's advance, has reached Ermelo, about 100 miles from Laingsnek and the Delagoa Bay railroad. General Buller is following him.

London, Aug. 13.—A dispatch from Lahore, India, says that the Amer of Afghanistan is mobilizing his artillery and infantry and is reported to be contemplating an advance on the Russian frontier after proclaiming a "holy war."

Paris, Aug. 13.—The official account of the loss of the torpedo boat Framee off Cape St. Vincent, last night, says that it was due to the erroneous manoeuvres of the battleship Brennus. Forty-seven men were drowned including three officers. The Framee cost \$300,000. Ensign Brissier, who missed a train and so failed to join the Framee, is the only officer of the vessel surviving.

## Women in Duck Trousers.

Larchmont, Aug. 13.—Now comes the woman who wears white duck trousers. Quite a number of them have been seen recently about yachts near Larchmont and New Rochelle. One woman who had returned yesterday from a cruise on the Sound with her husband confessed that she wore them. "The reason the yachting women take the new style," she said "is because it is much cooler and then our skirts are not dragging in the water in the bottom of the boat as often the case in calico and tawie. I am fond of sailing and must say that I can move about more quickly in trousers than I can in skirts."

## Starved by Her Maniac Husband.

Ukiah, Cal., Aug. 13.—John H. Schefer, of this city, is confined in Napo insane asylum. When officers went to his home they found Mrs. Schefer, who was a pathetic, helpless in bed panting for breath. Her maniac husband sat at the foot of the bed and talked of enemies who sought to poison them. The woman said her husband had given her no food for days, saying it was all poisoned. She died the next day.

## The Markets.

Chicago, Aug. 13.—The market closed as follows: Wheat—Sept 74½.

Georgetown, Aug. 13.—Wheat 65½/70.

## TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Jack Betts, a negro, was lynched near Corinth, Miss., today. He was charged with assaulting a 10 year old white girl in the county yesterday.

Chairman Frank Campbell of the democratic state committee was at the headquarters in New York this morning after several days absence upon the state. Campbell said that he found a strong sentiment for Bryan everywhere he had been.

F. B. Emaree, a sailor, who claims he was shipwrecked aboard the British steamer Clara, at New York, leaped from that vessel into the sea at 5 a. m. this morning and swam to the beach at Sandy Hook. He fell unconscious on the sand, when he had struggled through the surf, and remained so for nearly two hours.

## SHOOTING IN RICHMOND.

Mrs. Minnie Jacobini, a pretty Italian girl, the bride of a few days, was shot with a pistol in Richmond yesterday afternoon by her brother-in-law, named Ferroni. The Jacobinis and Ferronis came from the same village in Italy. When the Ferronis came over the Jacobinis helped them until they were well established. Ferroni married a niece of Mrs. Jacobini and rented a flat in Jacobini's house. Mrs. Jacobini called at the Ferroni home last Tuesday to collect rent. Ferroni's mother and his wife attacked her and she was quite badly hurt, as was also young Mrs. Ferroni. The whole affair was aired in the police court and left much bitterness behind. Mrs. Jacobini again called at the home of the Ferronis yesterday afternoon in regard to the debt owed by the Ferronis and another altercation took place. Ferroni fired at Mrs. Jacobini, the elder, and missed her and shot the bride. Ferroni was put under arrest and medical aid was summoned for the woman. Her condition is serious. Ferroni declares he does not know why he did the shooting, that "the devil took possession of him." Mr. Jacobini, the head of the family, is a well-to-do auctioneer. He was a witness in the police court last week against Bresci, the Italian anarchist, and was assaulted in court by the prisoner. The young woman was shot through the shoulder. During the trial in the police court Friday she attracted the attention of all by her striking beauty.

## DIED.

On Sunday morning, August 12, at two o'clock, BEULAH, beloved daughter of Frank L. and the late Ida Entwistle, in the 16th year of her age.

Loving friends weep not for me, I long to be at rest, How happy, happy I shall be, When pilloved upon my Father's breast. Oh! the hope, the hope is sweet, That we soon in heaven may meet, Then we all shall happy be, Rest from pain and sorrow free.

Funeral (Monday) evening at 6 o'clock from residence, 422 south 12th street. —[Wash. and Balto. papers please copy.]

On Sunday, August 12, 1900, at 5:50 p. m. HENRY B. POST, Funeral from his late residence, 1109 King street, Wednesday, August 15, at 5 p. m. Relatives and friends invited.—[Washington and Baltimore papers please copy.]

SHRIVER'S SILVER BRAND EARLY JUNE PEAS, only 1½c can. W. P. WOOLLS & SON'S.

CANNED LOBSTER, fresh, just received by J. C. MILBURN.

KIPPED HEERING just received by J. C. MILBURN.

## COLONEL WILLARD FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

Colonel Joseph E. Willard, of Fairfax county, has announced his candidacy for the lieutenant governorship. In a letter to a friend in this city, Colonel Willard states that after having carefully considered the situation he has determined to enter the race for second place on the state ticket in 1901. Colonel Willard has been spoken of as a candidate for the lieutenant governorship for some time. It has been believed for several months that he would run. He has refused to say positively that he was a candidate. Now he declares he will enter the contest.

Colonel Willard is the wealthiest man in Virginia. He is a young man, but little beyond the age of 30. He has been a prominent member of the House of Delegates six years, and was a member of Governor Tyler's staff, but resigned some time ago. He is the owner of the Spanish war steamer, the Col. Willard, at once went to work and raised a company of volunteers for service, which afterwards became the Third Virginia Regiment. He was the company's commander. He is close of the war Colonel Willard was appointed an aide to General Fitzhugh Lee, and served in Cuba for several months. He then resigned and returned home. Colonel Willard is a man of most popular manners, genial and easy-going nature, personable and unassuming as the every-day mortal, who has all his bread in "the sweat of his face." He will make a most formidable candidate for lieutenant-governorship.—[Rich. Dispatch.]

## ALL BIDS REJECTED.—The subject

with which the Middle Steel Company, of Philadelphia, threw down the gauntlet to the Armor Trust in underbidding the latter by \$422,000 in its tender to make all the armor for the ships of the new navy could not be permitted to pass unrebuked. Consequently